

# H1M170Q045

Silicon Carbide MOSFET  
 N-CHANNEL ENHANCEMENT MODE

## Features

- Low On-Resistance and High Current Density
- Low Capacitance for High Frequency Operation
- Ultra-high Avalanche Ruggedness
- Positive Temperature Coefficient Device
- RoHS Compliant and Halogen Free

## Benefits

- Higher System Efficiency
- Increase Parallel Device Convenience
- Capable of 175°C High  $T_j$  Application
- Allow High Frequency Operation
- Realize Compact and Lightweight Systems

## Applications

- Switching Mode Power Supply
- DC/DC Converters, UPS, and PFC
- EV Charging Station
- Motor Drives
- Power Inverters
- Solar/Wind Renewable Energy

## Absolute Maximum Ratings ( $T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Value	Unit
Drain – Source Voltage	$V_{DS,max}$	$V_{GS}=0V, I_{DS}=100\mu A$	1700	V
Continuous Drain Current	$I_D$	$V_{GS}=20V, T_c=25^\circ\text{C}$	55	A
		$V_{GS}=20V, T_c=110^\circ\text{C}$	38.5	
Pulse Drain Current	$I_{D,pulse}$	$t_{PW}$ limitation per Fig.15	280	
Power Dissipation	$P_D$	$T_c=25^\circ\text{C}$	375	W
Recommend Gate Source Voltage	$V_{GS,op}$	Static, recommended DC operating values	-5/+20	V
Maximum Gate Source Voltage	$V_{GS,max}$	Transient operating limit (AC $f > 1\text{Hz}$ , duty cycle $< 1\%$ )	-10/+25	
Junction & Storage Temperature	$T_j, T_{stg}$		-55/+175	$^\circ\text{C}$
Soldering Temperature	$T_L$		260	
Mounting Torque	$M_D$	M3 or 6-32 screw	1.0	Nm

## Thermal Resistance

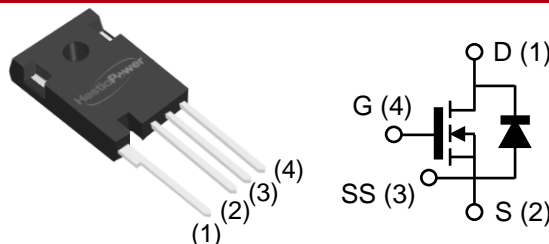
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	$R_{\theta,jc}$		0.4		$^\circ\text{C/W}$

## Product Summary

$V_{DS}$	1700V
$I_D(@25^\circ\text{C})$	55A
$R_{DS(on)}$	45mΩ



## Circuit Diagram



Part Number	Package	Marking
H1M170Q045	TO-247-4L	H1M170Q045

## Description

The H1M170Q045 1700V, 45mΩ silicon carbide power MOSFET is an N-channel enhancement mode device. Exploiting the outstanding wide bandgap material properties, this device shows high current density and great switching behavior. Thanks for the excellent thermal conductivity and many advantages of SiC, this device significantly improved in thermal capability and temperature independent switching behavior.

**Electrical Characteristics** ( $T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	$V_{GS}=0V, I_{DS}=100\mu A$	1700			V
Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	$V_{DS}=10V, I_{DS}=50mA$		2.6		V
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS}=1700V, V_{GS}=0V$		<1	100	$\mu A$
		$V_{DS}=1700V, V_{GS}=0V$ $T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$		10	500	
Gate-Source Leakage Current	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS}=20V, V_{DS}=0V$			250	nA
Drain-Source On-State Resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	$V_{GS}=20V, I_{DS}=30A$		45	70	mΩ
		$V_{GS}=20V, I_{DS}=30A$ , $T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$		100		
Transconductance	$g_{fs}$	$V_{DS}=8.5V, I_{DS}=30A$		16		S
Input Capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{GS}=0V, V_{DS}=1000V$ $f=1MHz, V_{AC}=25mV$		4141		pF
Output Capacitance	$C_{oss}$			145		
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$C_{rss}$			25		
Effective Output Capacitance, Energy Related	$C_{o(er)}$		$V_{GS}=0V$ , $V_{DS}=0$ to 1000V		187	
Effective Output Capacitance, Time Related	$C_{o(tr)}$	$I_D=const.$ , $V_{GS}=0V$ , $V_{DS}=0$ to 1000V		253		
Turn On Delay Time	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{DS}=1200V, V_{GS}=-4/20V$ , $I_D=30A, R_L=40\Omega$ , $R_{G(ext)}=2.7\Omega$		51		ns
Rise Time	$t_r$			53		
Turn Off Delay Time	$t_{d(off)}$			59		
Fall Time	$t_f$			22		
$C_{oss}$ Stored Energy	$E_{oss}$	$V_{GS}=0V, V_{DS}=1200V$ $f=1MHz, V_{AC}=25mV$		119		$\mu J$
Turn-on Switching Energy	$E_{on}$	$V_{DS}=1200V, V_{GS}=0/20V$ , $I_D=30A$ ,		194*		
Turn-off Switching Energy	$E_{off}$	$R_{G(ext)}=2.7\Omega$		326*		
Internal Gate Resistance	$R_{G(int.)}$	$f=1MHz, V_{AC}=25mV$		0.7		Ω

\*Based on the results of calculation, note that the energy loss caused by the reverse recovery of free-wheeling diode is not included in  $E_{on}$ .

**Built-in SiC Diode Characteristics** ( $T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Typ.	Unit
Inverse Diode Forward Voltage	$V_{SD}$	$V_{GS}=0V, I_{SD}=7.5A$	2.7	V
Continuous Diode Forward Current	$I_s$	$V_{GS}=0V, T_c=25^\circ\text{C}$	53	A
Reverse Recovery Time	$t_{rr}$	$V_{GS}=0V$ ,	81	ns
Reverse Recovery Charge	$Q_{rr}$	$I_{SD}=30A, V_{DS}=400V$ ,	274	nC
Peak Reverse Recovery Current	$I_{rrm}$	$di/dt=300A/\mu s$	6.4	A

**Gate Charge Characteristics** ( $T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Value	Unit
Gate to Source Charge	$Q_{GS}$	$V_{DS}=1200V$ , $V_{GS}=-5/+20V$ , $I_D=30A$	79	nC
Gate to Drain Charge	$Q_{GD}$		99	
Total Gate Charge	$Q_G$		304	
Gate plateau voltage	$V_{pl}$		7.5	V

## Typical Device Performance

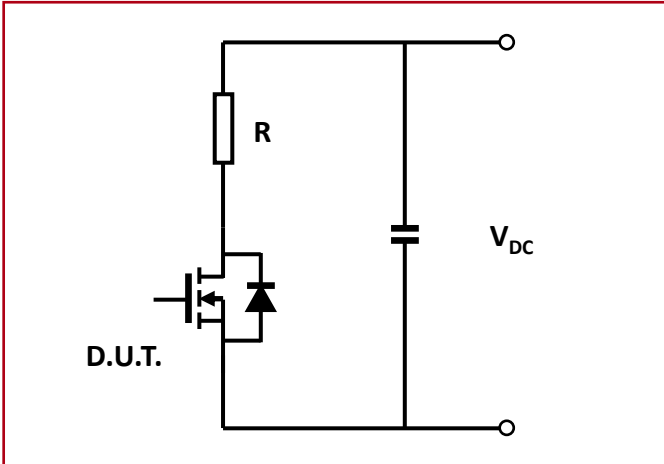


Fig.1 Schematic of Resistive Switching

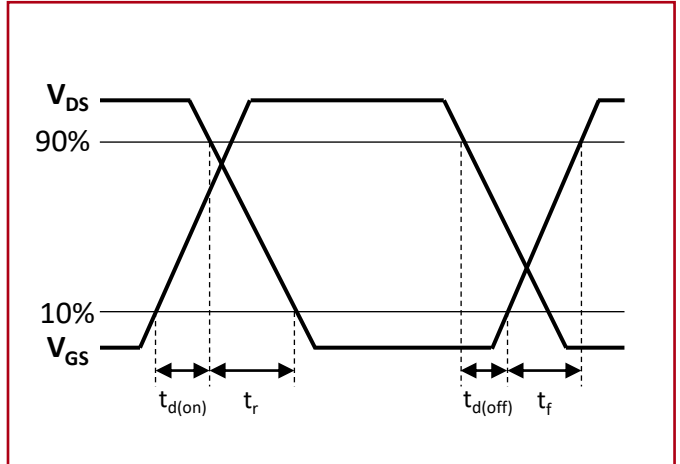


Fig.2 Switching Times Definition

### Naming Rule

**H1 M 170 Q 045**

#### Generation

H1 = 1<sup>st</sup> Gen Discrete

#### Device Type

M = MOSFET    J = JMOS

S = JBS diode

#### Breakdown Voltage

065 = 650V    170 = 1700V

120 = 1200V    330 = 3300V

#### Package

Q = TO-247-4L    B = TO-220-3L

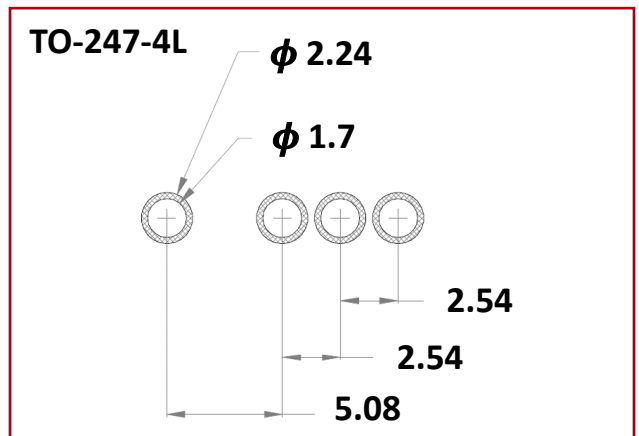
T = TO-263-2L    N = Bare Die

#### Typical On-Resistance

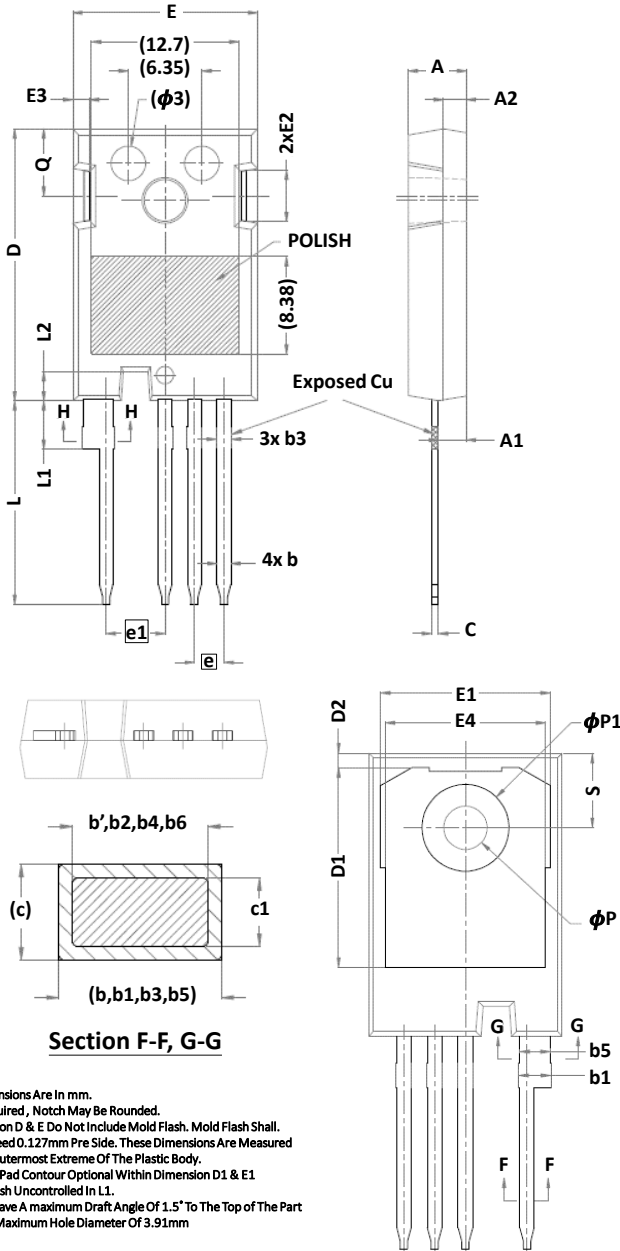
045 = 45mΩ    060 = 60mΩ    120 = 120mΩ

240 = 240mΩ    1K0 = 1Ω

### Recommended Solder Pad Layout



## Package Dimensions



Symbol	mm		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.
A	4.83	5.02	5.21
A1	2.29	2.41	2.54
A2	1.91	2.00	2.16
b'	1.07	1.20	1.28
b	1.07	1.20	1.33
b1	2.39	2.67	2.94
b2	2.39	2.67	2.84
b3	1.07	1.30	1.60
b4	1.07	1.30	1.50
b5	2.39	2.53	2.69
b6	2.39	2.53	2.64
c	0.55	0.60	0.68
c1	0.55	0.60	0.65
D	23.30	23.45	23.60
D1	16.25	16.55	17.65
D2	0.95	1.19	1.25
E	15.75	15.94	16.13
E1	13.10	14.02	14.15
E2	3.68	4.40	5.10
E3	1.00	1.45	1.90
E4	12.38	13.26	13.43
e	2.54 BSC		
e1	5.08 BSC		
L	17.31	17.57	17.82
L1	3.97	4.19	4.37
L2	2.35	2.50	2.65
φP	3.51	3.61	3.65
φP1	7.19 REF.		
Q	5.49	5.79	6.00
S	6.04	6.17	6.30

## Notes

- The information provided herein is subject to change without notice.
- For other information that does not show on this datasheet, please contact us for inquiry.