

# H1M065F100

Silicon Carbide MOSFET  
N-CHANNEL ENHANCEMENT MODE

## Features

- Low On-Resistance and High Current Density
- Low Capacitance for High Frequency Operation
- Ultra-high Avalanche Ruggedness
- Positive Temperature Coefficient Device
- AEC-Q101 Qualified
- RoHS Compliant and Halogen Free

## Benefits

- Higher System Efficiency
- Increase Parallel Device Convenience
- Capable of 175°C High T<sub>j</sub> Application
- Allow High Frequency Operation
- Realize Compact and Lightweight Systems

## Applications

- Switching Mode Power Supply
- DC/DC Converters, UPS, and PFC
- EV Charging Station
- Motor Drives
- Power Inverters
- Solar/Wind Renewable Energy

## Absolute Maximum Ratings (T<sub>c</sub> = 25°C unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Value	Unit
Drain – Source Voltage	V <sub>DS,max</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, I <sub>DS</sub> =100μA	650	V
Continuous Drain Current	I <sub>D</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> =20V, T <sub>c</sub> =25°C	32	A
		V <sub>GS</sub> =20V, T <sub>c</sub> =110°C	22	
Pulse Drain Current	I <sub>D,pulse</sub>	t <sub>PW</sub> limitation per Fig.15	58.5	
Avalanche energy, Single Pulse	E <sub>AS</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> =100V, I <sub>D</sub> =7A	800	mJ
Power Dissipation	P <sub>D</sub>	T <sub>c</sub> =25°C	166	W
Recommend Gate Source Voltage	V <sub>GS,op</sub>	Static, recommended DC operating values	-5 to 20	V
Maximum Gate Source Voltage	V <sub>GS,max</sub>	Transient operating limit (AC f > 1Hz, duty cycle < 1%)	-10 to 25	
Junction & Storage Temperature	T <sub>j</sub> , T <sub>stg</sub>		-55 to 175	°C
Soldering Temperature	T <sub>L</sub>		260	
Mounting Torque	M <sub>D</sub>	M3 or 6-32 screw	1.0	Nm

## Thermal Resistance

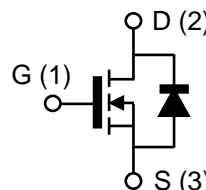
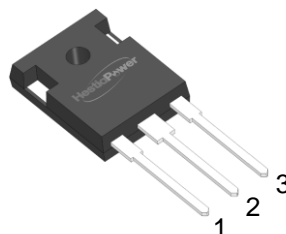
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	R <sub>θ,jc</sub>		0.9		°C/W

## Product Summary

V <sub>DS</sub>	650V
I <sub>D</sub> (@25°C)	32A
R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	100mΩ



## Circuit Diagram



Part Number	Package	Marking
H1M065F100	TO-247-3L	H1M065F100

## Description

The H1M065F100 650V, 100mΩ silicon carbide power MOSFET is an N-channel enhancement mode device. Exploiting the outstanding wide bandgap material properties, this device shows high current density and great switching behavior. Thanks for the excellent thermal conductivity and many advantages of SiC, this device significantly improved in thermal capability and temperature independent switching behavior. With the high stability and reliability, this device also passes the qualification criteria based on AEC-Q101.

**Electrical Characteristics** ( $T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	$V_{GS}=0V, I_{DS}=100\mu A$	650			V
Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	$V_{DS}=10V, I_{DS}=10mA$		2.6		V
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS}=650V, V_{GS}=0V$		<1	50	$\mu A$
		$V_{DS}=650V, V_{GS}=0V$ $T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$		5	500	
Gate-Source Leakage Current	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS}=20V, V_{DS}=0V$			250	nA
Drain-Source On-State Resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	$V_{GS}=20V, I_{DS}=12A$		100	130	mΩ
		$V_{GS}=20V, I_{DS}=12A,$ $T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$		130		
Transconductance	$g_{fs}$	$V_{DS}=15V, I_{DS}=25A$		8.5		S
Input Capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{GS}=0V, V_{DS}=400V$ $f=1MHz, V_{AC}=25mV$		910		pF
Output Capacitance	$C_{oss}$			105		
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$C_{rss}$			13		
Effective Output Capacitance, Energy Related	$C_{o(er)}$		$V_{GS}=0V,$ $V_{DS}=0 \text{ to } 400V$		130	
Effective Output Capacitance, Time Related	$C_{o(tr)}$	$I_D=const., V_{GS}=0V,$ $V_{DS}=0 \text{ to } 400V$		177		
Short-Circuit Withstand Time	$t_{SC}$	$V_{GS}=0/15V, V_{DS}=400V$ $R_G=100\Omega$		<18		$\mu s$
Turn On Delay Time	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{DS}=400V, V_{GS}=-4/+20V,$ $I_D=10A, R_L=40\Omega,$ $R_{G(ext)}=8.2\Omega$		15		ns
Rise Time	$t_r$			17		
Turn Off Delay Time	$t_{d(off)}$			15		
Fall Time	$t_f$			15		
$C_{oss}$ Stored Energy	$E_{oss}$	$V_{GS}=0V, V_{DS}=400V$ $f=1MHz, V_{AC}=25mV$		10		$\mu J$
Turn-on Switching Energy	$E_{on}$	$V_{DS}=400V, V_{GS}=0/20V,$ $I_D=12A,$		6.2*		
Turn-off Switching Energy	$E_{off}$	$R_{G(ext)}=2.7\Omega$		9.1*		
Internal Gate Resistance	$R_{G(int)}$	$f=1MHz, V_{AC}=25mV$		2		$\Omega$

\*Based on the results of calculation, note that the energy loss caused by the reverse recovery of free-wheeling diode is not included in  $E_{on}$ .

**Built-in SiC Diode Characteristics** ( $T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Typ.	Unit
Inverse Diode Forward Voltage	$V_{SD}$	$V_{GS}=0V, I_{SD}=3A$	3.3	V
Continuous Diode Forward Current	$I_S$	$V_{GS}=0V, T_c=25^\circ\text{C}$	26.5	A
Reverse Recovery Time	$t_{rr}$	$V_{GS}=0V,$	54	ns
Reverse Recovery Charge	$Q_{rr}$	$I_{SD}=12A, V_{DS}=400V,$	72	nC
Peak Reverse Recovery Current	$I_{rrm}$	$di/dt=300A/\mu s$	2.57	A

**Gate Charge Characteristics** ( $T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Value	Unit
Gate to Source Charge	$Q_{GS}$	$V_{DS}=400V,$ $V_{GS}=-5/+20V,$ $I_D=12A$	13.5	nC
Gate to Drain Charge	$Q_{GD}$		34	
Total Gate Charge	$Q_G$		66	
Gate plateau voltage	$V_{pl}$		8.1	V

## Typical Device Performance

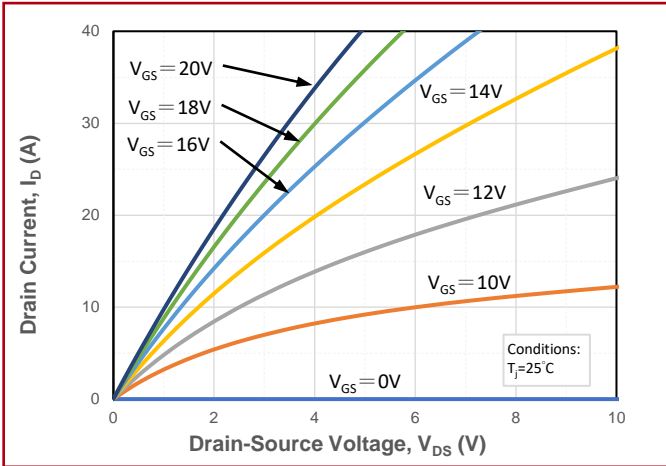


Fig.1 Forward Output Characteristics at  $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$

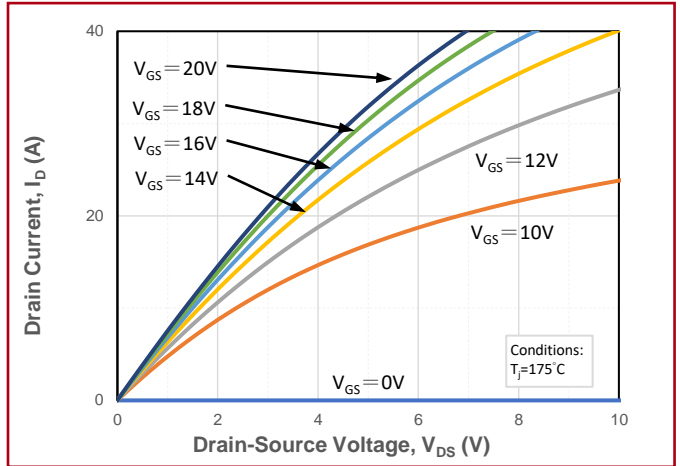


Fig.2 Forward Output Characteristics at  $T_j = 175^\circ\text{C}$

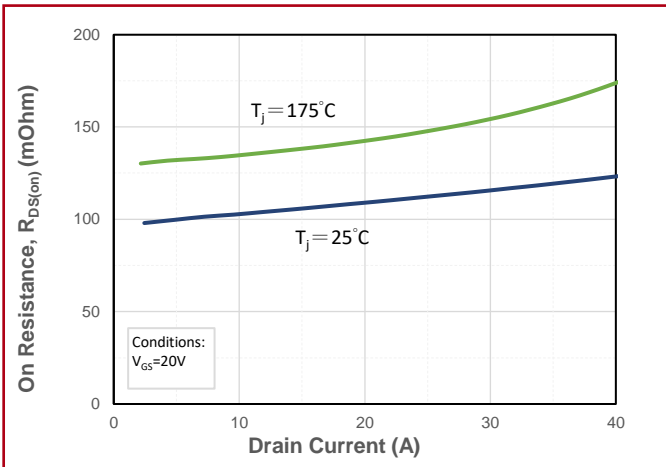


Fig.3 On-Resistance vs. Drain Current for Various  $T_j$

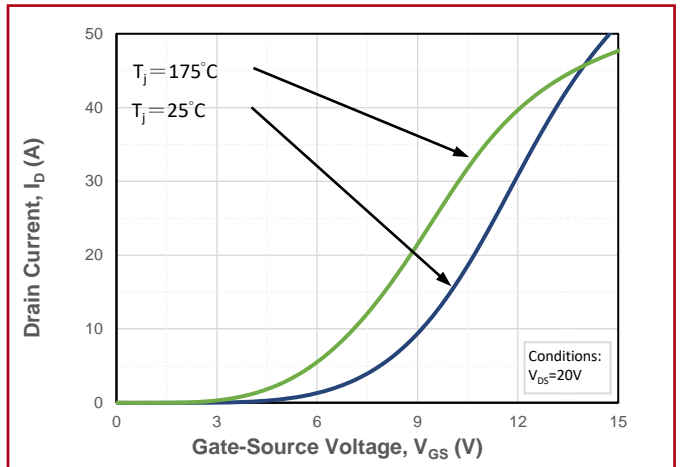


Fig.4 Transfer Characteristics for Various  $T_j$

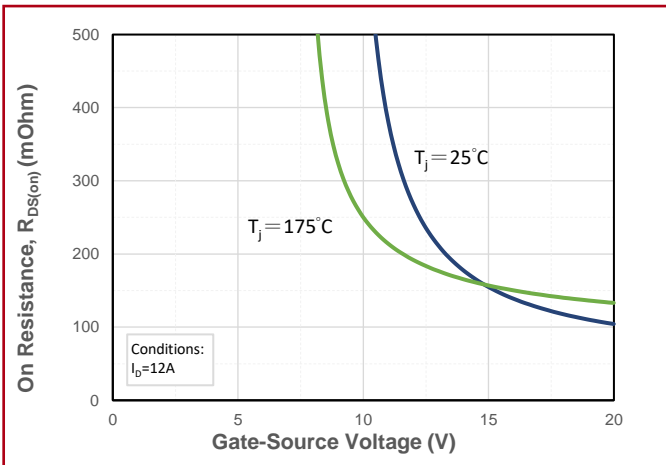


Fig.5 On-Resistance vs. Gate Voltage for Various  $T_j$

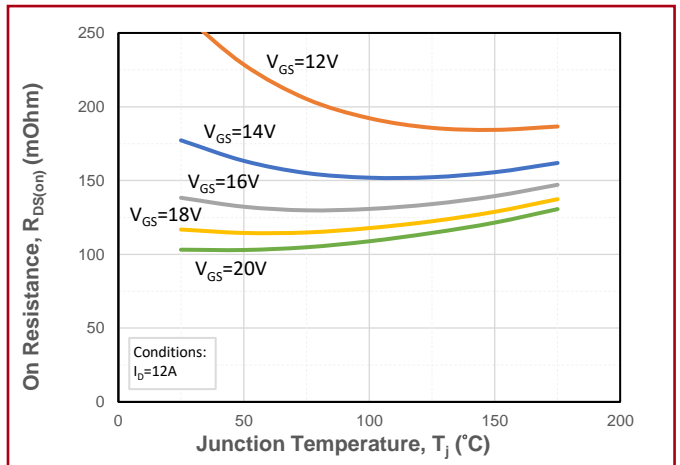
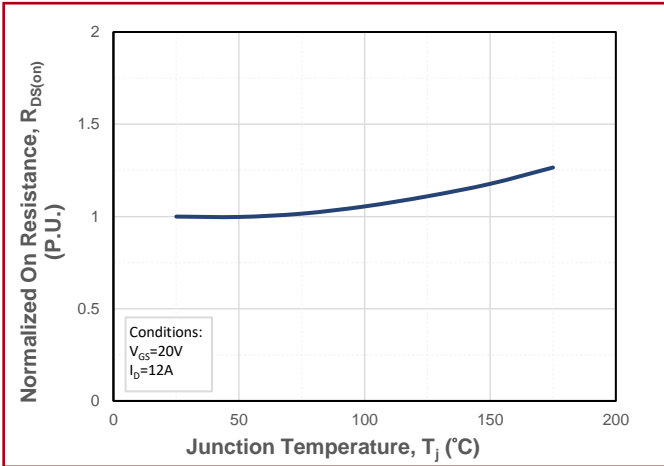
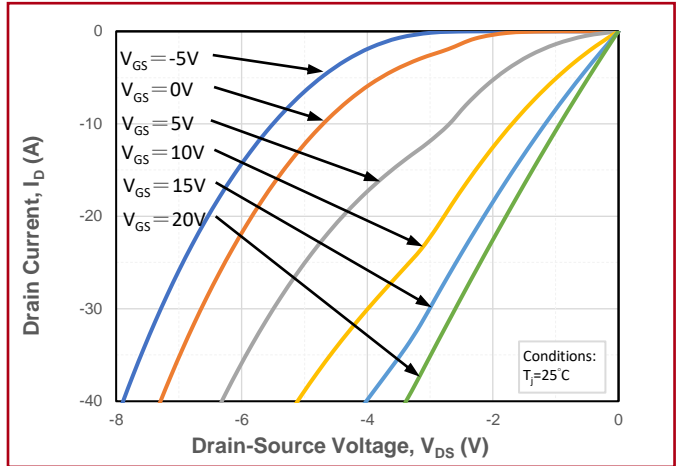


Fig.6 On-Resistance vs. Temperature for Various Gate Voltage

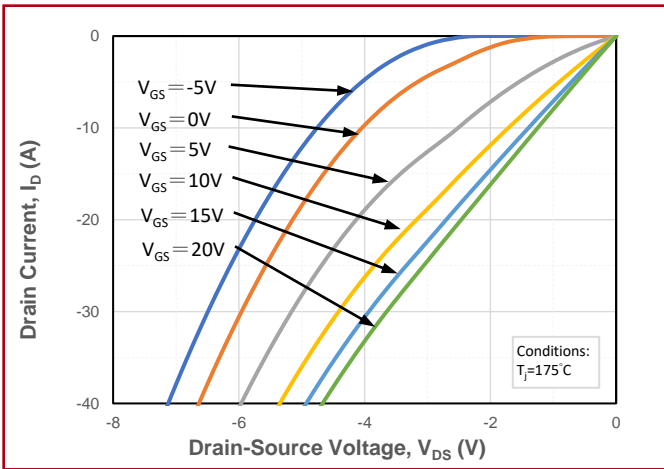
## Typical Device Performance



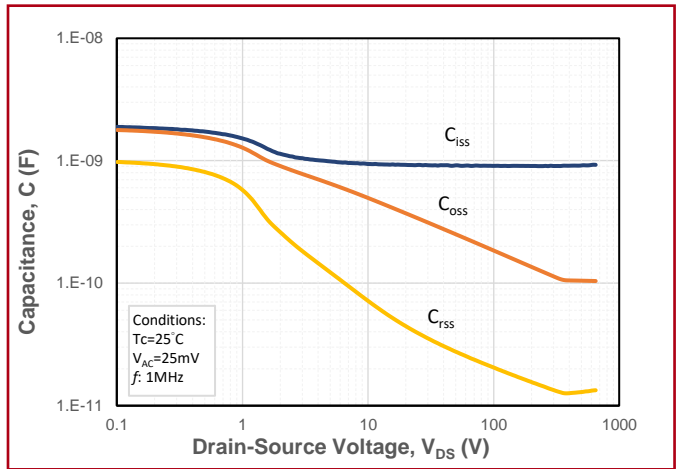
**Fig.7** Normalized On-Resistance vs. Temperature



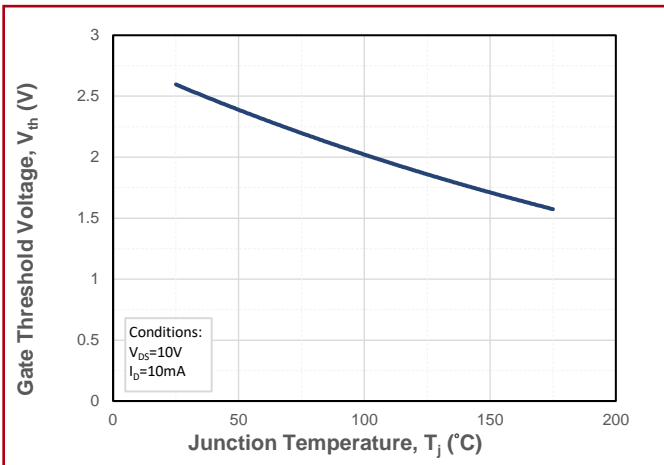
**Fig.8** Reverse Output Characteristics at  $T_j = 25^\circ C$



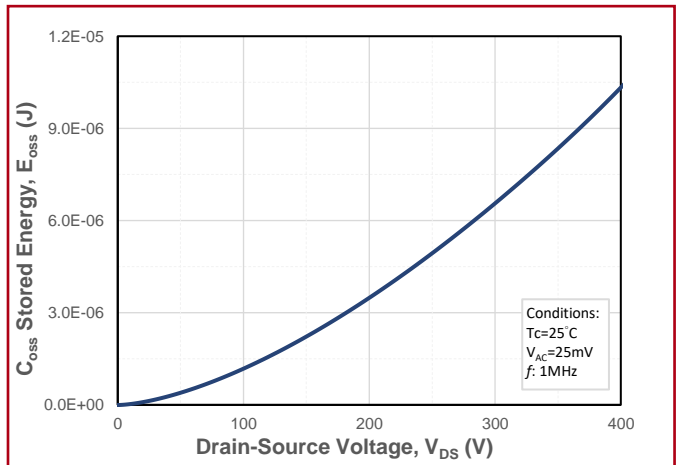
**Fig.9** Reverse Output Characteristics at  $T_j = 175^\circ C$



**Fig.10** Capacitances vs. Drain to Source Voltage

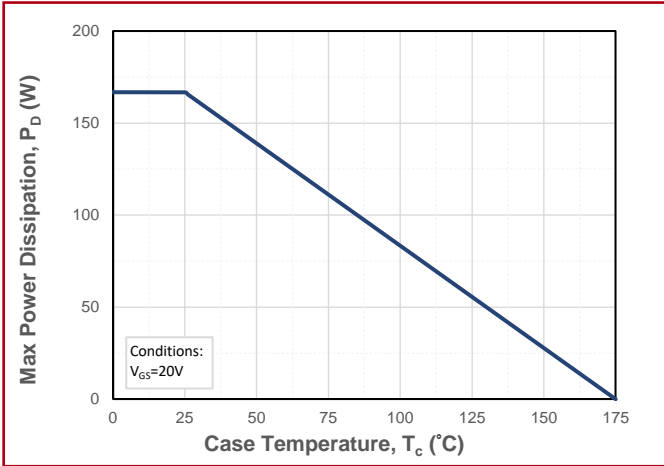


**Fig.11** Threshold Voltage vs. Temperature

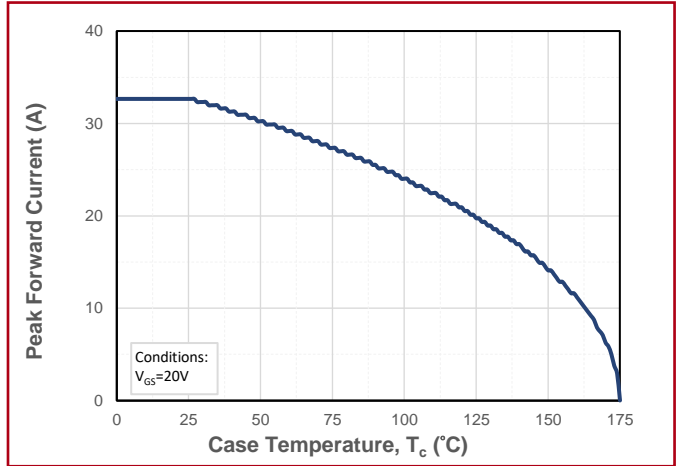


**Fig.12** Output Capacitor Stored Energy

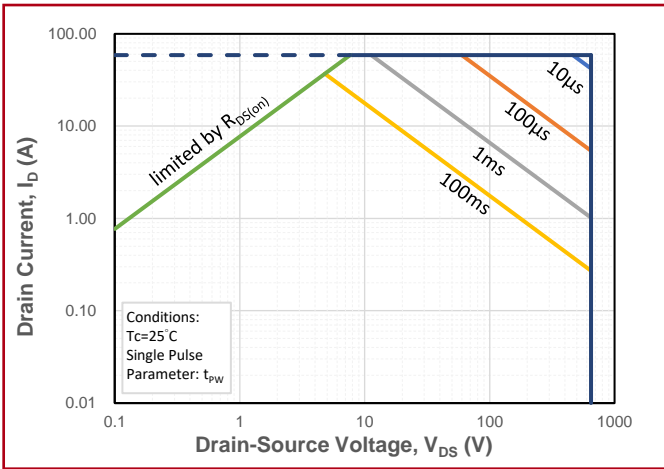
### Typical Device Performance



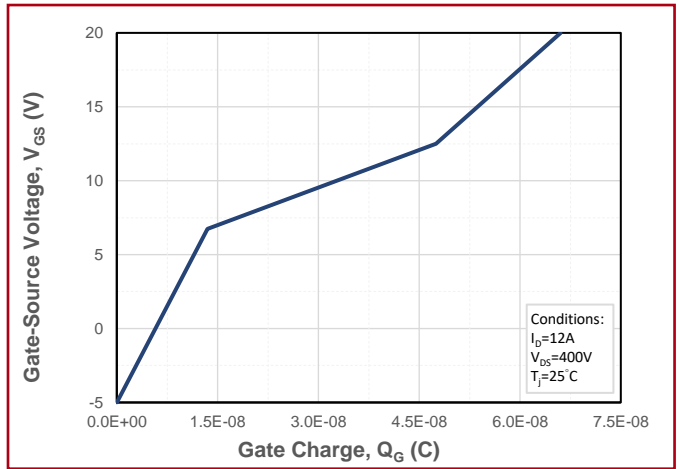
**Fig.13 Maximum Power Dissipation Derating vs. Case Temperature**



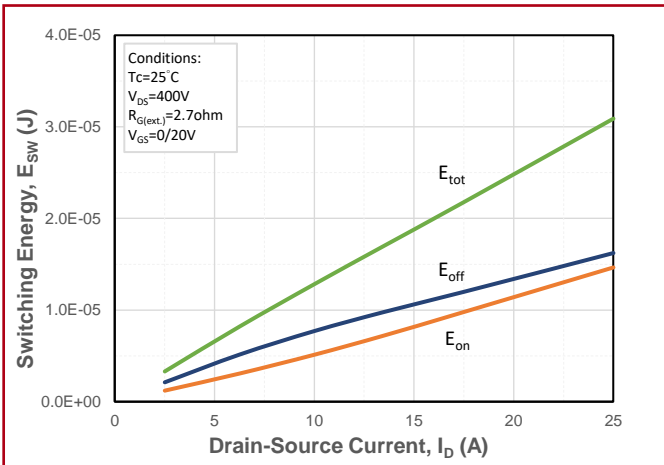
**Fig.14 Drain Current Derating vs. Case Temperature**



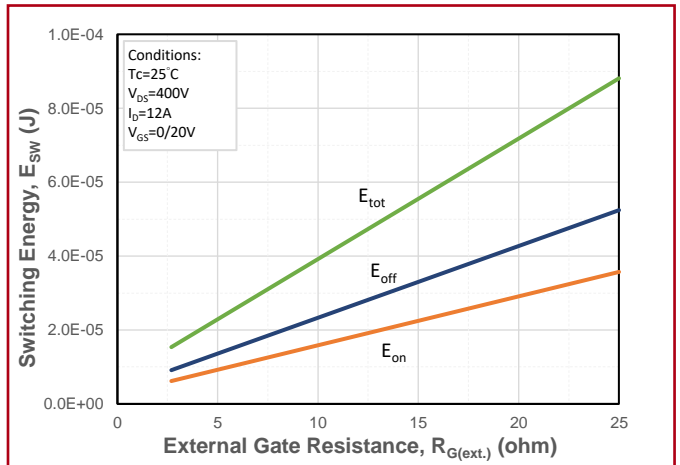
**Fig.15 Safe Operating Area**



**Fig.16 Gate Charge Characteristics**



**Fig.17 Clamped Inductive Switching Energy vs. Drain Current**



**Fig.18 Clamped Inductive Switching Energy vs. External Gate Resistor ( $R_{G(ext.)}$ )**

### Typical Device Performance

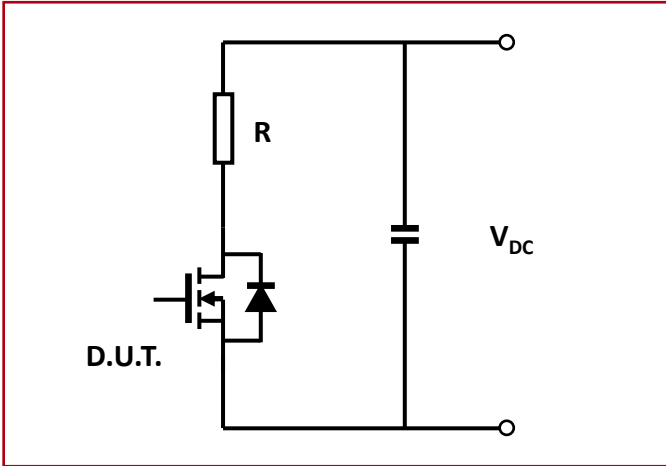


Fig.19 Schematic of Resistive Switching

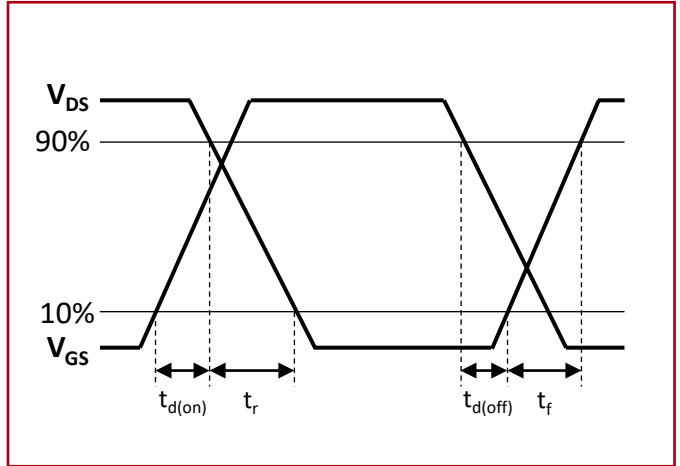


Fig.20 Switching Times Definition

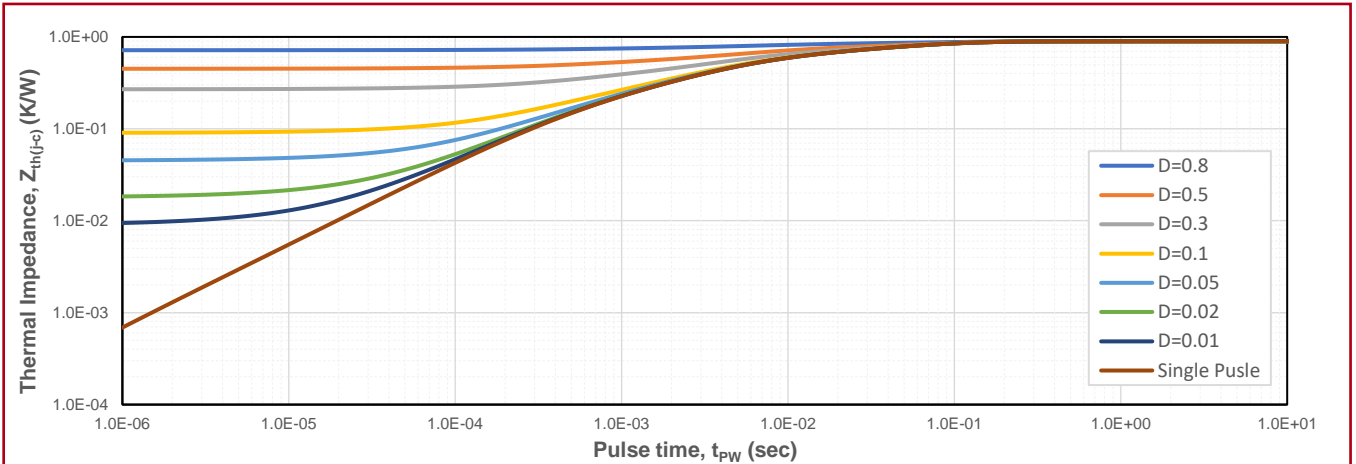


Fig.21 Transient Junction to Case Thermal Impedance

### Naming Rule

**H1 M 065 F 100**

#### Generation

H1 = Gen 1<sup>st</sup> Discrete

#### Device Type

M = MOSFET    J = JMOS

S = JBS diode

#### Breakdown Voltage

065 = 650V    170 = 1700V

120 = 1200V    330 = 3300V

#### Package

F = TO-247-3L    B = TO-220-3L

T = TO-263-2L    N = Bare Die

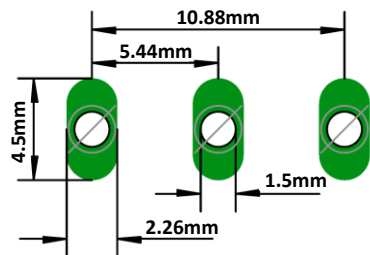
#### Typical On-Resistance

020 = 20mΩ    050 = 50mΩ    100 = 100mΩ

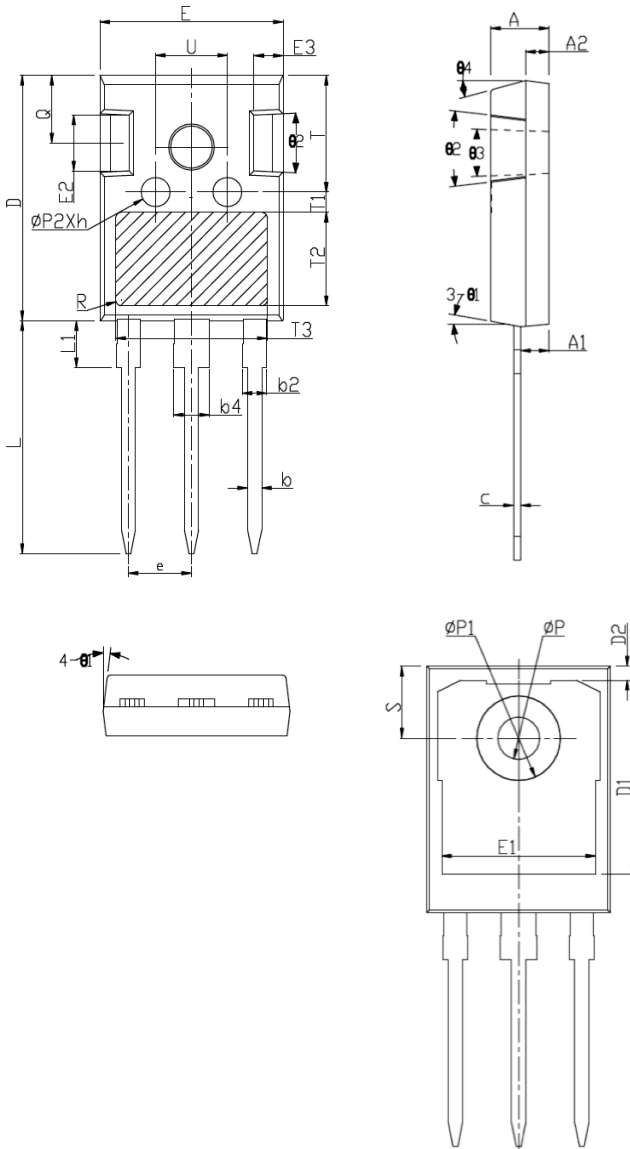
200 = 200mΩ

### Recommended Solder Pad Layout

#### TO-247-3L



## Package Dimensions



Symbol	mm		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.
A	4.75	5.00	5.25
A1	2.16	2.41	2.66
A2	1.85	2.00	2.15
b	1.11	1.21	1.35
b2	1.90	2.01	2.25
b4	2.90	3.01	3.25
c	0.51	0.61	0.75
D	20.60	21.00	21.40
D1	16.15	16.55	16.95
D2	1.00	1.20	1.40
E	15.50	15.80	16.10
E1	13.00	13.30	13.60
E2	4.70	5.00	5.30
E3	2.25	2.50	2.75
e	5.44 BSC		
h	0.00	0.10	0.25
L	19.52	19.92	20.32
L1	-	-	4.30
ØP	3.35	3.60	3.85
ØP1	-	-	7.30
ØP2	2.25	2.50	2.75
Q	5.50	5.80	6.10
S	6.15 BSC		
R	0.50 REF		
T	9.70	-	10.30
T1	1.65 REF		
T2	8.00 REF		
T3	12.80 REF		
U	5.90	-	6.50
Ø1	4°	7°	10°
Ø2	2°	5°	8°
Ø3	1°	-	2°
Ø4	10°	15°	20°

## Notes

- The information provided herein is subject to change without notice.
- For other information that does not show on this datasheet, please contact us for inquiry.